The Book of Exodus

The Book of Exodus

A Hebrew Reader



The Book of Exodus: A Hebrew Reader

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This biblical base text is based on the Westminster Leningrad Codex, which is in the public domain.

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Introduction

This is a Hebrew reader for The Book of Exodus. It is designed as a useful cost-efficient tool for two groups of people. First, for students learning Biblical Hebrew after a year's worth of study this series provides the material to grow in reading ability from the primary texts. Second, this series is designed for pastors, rabbis, scholars, and curious lay people looking to refresh their Hebrew, or use them in preparation for their work of study, preaching, and teaching.

The book immerses the reader in the biblical texts in order to build confidence reading Biblical Hebrew as quickly as possible. The transition from translating basic sentences to reading whole passages and books is a steep learning curve that can be discouraging to students. To help bridge this gap, the reader's generous glosses enable the student with only one year's worth of vocabulary to begin reading whole passages. Specifically, all uncommon words that occur 80 times or fewer in the Bible are glossed as footnotes. This enables the reader to continue reading every passage unhindered. Therefore, the book complements traditional language grammars and is especially ideal for beginner and intermediate students learning to read Biblical Hebrew. However, even advanced readers will appreciate the glossing of the rare words, since it saves time reading the text.

The book of Exodus contains the famous passages from Moses' birth, the plagues, Exodus, the ten commandments, and giving of the Law. Their familiarity makes them an excellent place to start for beginner and intermediate readers.

How to use this reader

In order to aid the reader and simplify the reading process, this book contains a collection of useful data around and within the main body of text. Information includes:

- The glossing of uncommon words that the reader might not know or struggle to recall.
- The morphological parsing of difficult forms.
- Potentially difficult proper nouns shaded in grey.
- Qere readings are listed with vowels in the margins

This reader includes basic glosses and morphology when relevant in footnotes. These are displayed in two separate levels of footnotes. The primary level contains the glosses of all the rarer words, and if necessary their morphology. The secondary level is only for displaying complex morphology of common words that might be useful for beginner and intermediate readers.

Glossing

All uncommon words are glossed with English translation possibilities in the primary footnotes. These less frequent words are defined as those that occur 80 times or fewer in the Hebrew Bible. It is assumed that after one year's study, a student will know the common words. These 429 distinct lexemes occur

13,324 times in The Book of Exodus. This accounts for 79.7% of the 16,713 Hebrew words found in the book.¹ An alphabetical list of these common words may be consulted in the glossary found among the appendices of this book.

For example, in Genesis 1:1, we encounter the word בְּבֶּלְאָשִׁים. The word is uncommon, occurring only 51 times in the Hebrew Bible. Therefore, it is glossed in the primary footnotes. The lexeme behind the word is in bold type בּאשׁית. After the underlying lexeme, basic English glosses are supplied followed by the frequency of the lexeme in the Hebrew Bible in parentheses. These glosses contain the main translation possibilities for the word. They are consistent throughout the reader, not context specific. This means they are suitable for memorising as the readers works through the book. It also means a reader learns not to depend too heavily upon glosses, given a word can have an unusual, or very specific meaning determined by the context.

The glosses are primarily those of BDB.² I have lightly updated the language and translations offered. The glosses offer the more common translations of the words, though context is key for meaning. Given these glosses are primarily for the general reader, a dictionary such as HALOT is recommended where exegetical points are under question.³ These glosses are spelled according to British English.

The primary footnotes are alphabetical, not numerical. They restart at a on every new page and chapter. If a word appears multiple times in a single page, then subsequent occurrences

(51)

¹ According to the Westminster Leningrad Codex base text and MorphHB parsing scheme adopted by this book.

² Frances Brown, S. R. Driver, and Charles A. Briggs. *The Brown-Driver-Briggs Hebrew and English Lexicon. With an appendix containing the Biblical Aramaic.* London: Oxford University Press, 1906.

³ Ludwig Köhler et al., eds. The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament (2 Volumes). Leiden: Brill, 2001

a באשׁית (f) first, beginning, chief.

will refer to the first gloss using the same alphabetical footnote mark. For example, בְּרֵאשִׁית ... בּרֵאשִׁית... בּרֵאשִׁית... בּרֵאשִׁית...

Verbs that primarily occur in stems other than Qal and do not occur in the Qal stem in the qaṭal or yiqṭol moods are listed without vowels and in square brackets. Even if a verb generally does not occur in Qal, but exists in the Qal stem in either qaṭal or yiqṭol moods, even if only once, then I retain the vowels. Hence you will find [קקנ], because even though it is common in the Qal passive participle form קֹרוּדְּ, it is primarily found in the Picel stem, and never occurs in Qal qaṭal or yiqṭol.

Parsing

Difficult word forms are parsed in the footnotes. For uncommon words these are supplied alongside the gloss, for example, "וֹבְּיֵר." This indicates the form 'וֹבְּיַר is a niph al jussive third-person masculine plural from the verb [קוֹה]. For common words that contain a difficult form, a secondary set of footnotes are supplied. These footnotes contain no glosses as the reader is expected to know the basic glosses. Instead only the underlying lexeme in the present tense is displayed with the relevant morphological parsing. For example, in Genesis 1:22 בְּיֵבֶר. is a jussive form, from the pe-yod verb בִּיבֶר. Unlike the primary footnotes, these secondary footnotes are listed numerically. This allows the reader who is competent with morphological forms to skip over these words without distraction. These grey italicised footnotes should not be confused with verse numbers (e.g., 1) which are bold and sans-serif.

a באשׁית (f) first, beginning, chief. b [קוה] to collect. (2) ni. juss. (51)

י qal juss. 3ms

Abbreviations

1 first person

1cp first-person common plural 1cs first-person common singular

2 second person

2cp third-person common plural
2fp second-person feminine plural
2fs second-person feminine singular
2mp second-person masculine plural
2ms second-person masculine singular

2p second-person plural

3 third person

3cp third-person common plural
3fp third-person feminine plural
3fs third-person feminine singular
3mp third-person masculine plural
3ms third-person masculine singular

3p third-person plural

abs. absolute coh. cohortative

com./c. common (gender)

const./con. construct d. dual fem./f. feminine

fp feminine plural fs feminine singular

hi. hiph^cil

hisht. hishtaph^cel
hitp. hitpa^cel
hitpalp. hitp^calp^cel
hitpol. hitp^col^cel
ho. hoph^cal

impf. yiqṭol (imperfect)

impv. imperative inf. infinitive juss. jussive

masc./m. masculine

mp masculine plural ms masculine singular

 $egin{array}{lll} \mbox{ni.} & \mbox{niph}^{c} \mbox{al} \mbox{} \mb$

pass.

pf. qaṭal (perfect)

passive

pi. pi^cel pil. pilcel pilp. $pilp^{c}el$ plural pl. $pol^{c}el$ pol. $polp^{c}al$ polp. participle ptc. $pu^{c}al$ pu.

	٠	٠
VV	1	1

Abbreviations

pul. pul^cal sg. singular suf. suffix

wqtl. weqaṭal (sequential perfect)
wyqtl. wayyiqṭol (waw consecutive)

שְׁמוֹת וְאֵלֶה

ן אָלֶה שְׁמוֹת בְּגֵי יִשְׂרָאֵׁל הַבָּאִים מִצְרָיְמָה אֵת יִצְלֶב שְׁמִוֹת בְּגִי יִשְׂרָאֵׁל הַבָּאִים מִצְרָיְמָה אֵת יִצְלֶב שִׁמְלוֹן בֵּיִי יִשְׁרָאֵל הַבְּיִמְן: • בְּיִבְּעִים נְבָּשׁ יִצְאֵי גֵּיְ וְבִּבְּעִים נְבָּשׁ יִצְאִי גֵּיְ וְבִּבְּעִים נְבָּשׁ יִצְאִי גֵּיְ וְבִרְּלַב שִׁבְעִים נְבָּשׁ יִצְאִי גֵּיְ וְבִרְּלֹב שִׁבְעִים נְבָּשׁ יִצְאִי גִּיְ וְבִרְּלֹב שִׁבְעִים נְבָּשׁ יִנְאַמִּר יִמְלָב שִׁבְעִים נְבָּשׁ יִנְאַמִּר יִמְלָּב שִׁבְעִים נְבָּשׁ יִנְיִמְן: • זְּיִבְּעִים נְבָּשׁ יִנְיִמְן: • זְּיִבְּעְבְּמְוּ בְּיִרְ יִמְלָּר בְּאָרִין אַנְיְ עִבְּיִמְן: • פּבְּיִלְא הָאָרֶץ אֹתְם: • פּבְּיִבְּיִ אִבְּין אַבְּי בִּיִּעְיִם נְמָּבְּיִים בְּבִּיּיִם בְּעִּבְיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּבִּים בְּבְּיִם בְּבְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִם בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִם בְּבְּיִם בְּבָּים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּיִם בְּבְּיִים בְּבָּים בְּבִּים בְּבְּיִם בְּבִים בְּיִים בְּבָּים בְּבִּים בְּבְּיִם בְּבִּים בְּיִבְּים בְּבְּיִבְּיִם בְּבְּיִבְּים בְּבְּים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִם בְּיִבְּיִם בְּבְּיִּים בְּבְּיִים בְּבָּים בְּיִים בְּבְּים בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִים בְּבְּים בְּיִים בְּבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּבְּבְּים בְּבִּים בְּבְּיִם בְּיִים בְּבָּים בְּבְּיִים בְּבְּבְּים בְּבְּבִּים בְּבִּים בְּבִּים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִם בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבִים בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבְּבִים בְּבְּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבְּבְיים בְּיוֹב בְּיוּים בְּבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּבְיים בְּבְּבִים בְּבִּים בְּיוּבְיבְּים בְּבְּבְים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּבְיבְּים בְּבְּים בְּיבְּבְיבְים בְּבְּבּים בְּבְּים בְּבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּבְּבְּים בְּבְּבְים בְּבְּבְים בְּיבְּים בְּבְּבְּבְים בְּבְּים בְּבְּבְּיבְּים בְּיבְּבְים בְּבְּבְיבְּבְּים בְּיבְּבְּים בְּבְים בְּבְּים בְּבְּבְים בְּבְּבְים בְּבְּים בְּבְּבְּיבּים בְּבְּב

1

- b n to be fruitful, bear fruit. (29)
- c אָרָץ to swarm, teem. (14)
- d Dig to be vast, mighty, numerous. (18)
- е **७**७७ new. (53)
- f אַצוּם mighty, numerous. (31)

- g קהב to give. (33) *qal impv.* 2ms
- h **בְּבְּב** to be wise. (27)
- i for encounter, befall. (37)
- j **bb** task worker, forced labour. (23)
- k to afflict, oppress, humble. (80) pi. inf. con. + 3ms suf.
- ו סְבְּלְה (f) burden. (6)
- m מְּלְבְּנוֹת (f) supply, storage. (7)

1

¹ Xi⊒ qal ptc. mp abs.

² **2 412** qal pf. 3cp

³ XX; qal ptc. mp con.

⁴ קבְּת qal wyqtl. 3mp

⁵ **XIV** qal ptc. mp con. + 1cp suf.

⁶ בנה qal wyqtl. 3ms

וַיַּלְצוּ מִפְּנִי בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל: 13 וַיַּעַבְּדוּ כַל־עַבִּדַתִּם אֲשֵׁר־ בשבה את מִצְרַיִם לַמִילִּדְת ושם השנית פועה: על־האַבנים^ה וראיתן ַנִתִּיבֵאן 17 וַהַמָּתֵן אתוֹ וָאָם־בַּת הֵיא וַחַיַהיֹּ: כאשר עשו וּיִקרָא מֶּלֶ "18 :אֶת־הַיִּלְדֵים: להו יַנורוענ ַ וַתֹּאמֵרוַ הַמִּילְדֹת אֵל־פַּרִעה 19 ַםיֵּיוַ ⁄ַ אָת־הַיִּלַדֵים: המצרית אלהו תעם ויַעצִמוּי^ח למילדת וירב הַמַנַלְרָת אָת־הַאֱלֹהֵים נַיַּעָש״ פַּרִעָּה לְכַל־עַמָּוֹ לֵאמָר כַּל־הַבֵּן ָבַיֹּאֹרַה מַשָּׁלִילָהוּ⁹ וְכָל־הַבָּּת מְחַיְּוֹן¹⁰: D

a און to break through. (49)

b for to feel a loathing, abhor, sickening dread. (9)

c harshness, severity. (6)

d מְרֵר to be bitter. (14)

e קשֶׁה hard, stubborn. (36)

f קה cement, mortar, clay. (16)

g לֶבֶנֶה (f) brick, tile. (11)

h אֶבֶן wheel. (2)

i to live. (20)

j אָרוּעָ why? (72)

k קֶּיֶה vigorous. (1)

they. (48) תוֹר (48)

m 🗖 ຜູ້ once, before. (56)

n ענים to be vast, mighty, numerous. (18)

o לוד born. (4)

י בוֹ pi. inf. con. + 2fp suf.

² ПП pi. wyqtl. 3fp

³ עשה qal pf. 2fp

⁴ **קוֹת** pi. wyqtl. 2fp

⁶ קבה qal wyqtl. 3ms

⁷ עשׁה qal wyqtl. 3ms

^{8 [}צוה] pi. wyqtl. 3ms

^{9 [}العام] hi. impf. 2mp + 3ms suf.

יוֹה pi. impf. 2mp + paragogic nun suf.

וַתַּהַר • מַיִּשׁ מָבֵּית לָוֵי וַיָּקָח ּ אָת־בַּת־לָוֵי: יַ וַתַּהַר • וַתָּרָא² אֹתוֹ כִּי־טִוֹב הֿוּא בו וַתִּצְפְּנָהוּ שְׁלֹשֶׁה יְרָחִים : 3 וְלֹא־יָכִלֻה עוֹד ּ הַצִּפִינוֹ בׁ וַמָּקָח³⁻לוֹ מֶבַת ּ נֹּמָא וַתַּחָמָרֶה ּ בַחָמָר וּבַזַּפֵּת ּ וַתַּשָּׁם בַהֹּ אָת־הַיֶּּלֶד וַהַשֶּׁם בַּסִּוּףוֹ עַל־שָּׁבַת הַוָּאָר: • וַהַתַּצֵּב[ּ]ּג אַחֹתוֹ מֶרַחָק לְדֵעָה ⁄ מַה־יָּעַשֵּׂה לְוֹ: ⁵ וַתֵּרֵד בַּת־פַּּרִעֹה עַל־הַיִאֹר וְנַעַרֹתֵיהַ[™] הֹלְכְׂתַ³ עַל־יֵד ַתַּרֶא[®] אֶת־הַתִּבָה ּ בְּּתְוֹךְ הַסֹּוּף ּ וַתִּשָׁלֵח אֵת־אַמָּתַה ַנַתְפַתַח נַתַראָהוּ אָת־הַיֶּלֶד וָהְנַּה־נַעַר בֹּכָה 6 וַתַּחָמָל∘ עַלַיו וַתְּאמֵר מִיַּלְדֵי הַעָבְרִים זָה: זוָתָאמֵר אַחֹתוֹ אֵל־בַּת־פַּרִעֹהֹ הַאֶּלַדְ וִקְרֵאתִי לַדְּ אָשֵׁה מֵינֶּקתּף אָת־הַיֵּלֶד: הַעְבַרִיָּת וְתִינֵקף וַתְּקָרָא אֶת־אֱם ַבַּכִי נַתַּבַרְ הָעַלְּמָה בַּ הַיֶּלֶר: • וַתַּאמֶר לָה בַּת־פַּרְעֹה הֵילִיכִי ּ אֵת־הַיֶּלֶר

Exodus

- a הבה to conceive, become pregnant. (43) qal wyqtl. 3fs
- b b to hide, treasure up. (31) $qal\ wyqtl.\ 3fs+3ms\ suf.$
- с пт. month. (13)
- d to hide, treasure up. (31) hi. inf. con. + 3ms suf.
- e 77 (f) ark; chest, box. (28)
- f kai rush, reed, papyrus. (4)
- g to cover or smear with asphalt. (1) qal wyqtl. 3fs + 3fs suf.
- h המנה bitumen, asphalt. (3)

- j **710** reeds, rushes. (28)
- k יצב to station oneself, take stand. (48)
- נתן to wash, wash off, away, bathe. (72)
- m געבה (f) maiden, young woman. (63)
- n אָמֶה (f) maid, handmaid. (56)
- o חַמֶּל to spare. (41)
- p to suck. (32)
- q **pr** to suck. (32) hi. impf. 3fs
- r עַּלְמָה (f) young woman. (7)

2

qal wyqtl. 3ms

² מָּלֶת qal wyqtl. 3fs

³ קבח קבח qal wyqtl. 3fs

⁴ אַרַ qal inf. con.

⁵ קבו qal ptc. fp abs.

⁶ קלקח qal wyqtl. 3fs + 3fs suf.

⁷ קאר qal wyqtl. 3fs + 3ms suf.

⁸ קלד qal impv. 2fs

⁹ הלה *impv. 2fs*

יָרְדִוּ בִמְצוֹלְתׁ ּ כִמוֹ־אָבֵן: ¹ תַּהֹמָת ⁴ יַכַסִימוּ ⁵ נָאָדָרֵי בַּכֹּחַ • וְמֵינְךָּ וְהֹוָה :תְרַעַץ^ה אוֹנֵב יָמֶינְךְּ יְתְוֶה תַּהַרָּס¹ קַמֵּידְ² יברב גאונד⁹ תִשַׁלָּח חַרִנּהָּ יאכלמו? כַקשׁי: בֵעָרמוּ מִים 8וּבְרוּחַ אַפֵּידִּ ַקְפְּאָוּ m תְהֹמָת ּ בִּלֵב־יַם: וִאָבָוּוֹ כִמוֹ־נֵד^{ּ k} נֹזְלֵים^ו מֶרְרָף אַשׂיג^{ּה} 9 אַמֵר אוֹיֵב 9 אַחַלֵּקּ שַׁלַלּם תִּמְלַאֱמוֹ 4 נַפְשִּׁי תורישמוֹ ידי: אָרֵיקּי חַרִבָּׁי ים ברוחה ¹⁰ בעותה כַּסָמוֹ ׳ יָם צַלַלוֹּ כַעוֹפַּׁרֵתיּ בָּמָיִם אַדִּירֵים^u: בַאָלם יהוָה מי־כַמָּכַה 11 נָאָדָר∘ בַּלָּדִשׁ מֵי כַּמַּכַה נורא תהלתי עשה פַלא™:

- a ninn (f) great deep, abyss. (36)
- b מְצוֹלְה (f) depth, the deep sea. (11)
- c [778] to be wide, great; high, noble. (3)
- d בעץ to shatter. (2)
- e iii exaltation, pride. (49)
- f לוְדְל to tear down, overthrow, destroy. (43)
- g קרון (burning of) anger. (41)
- h **v** stubble, chaff. (16)
- i [ערם] to be heaped up. (1)
- j [נצם] to take ones stand, stand. (74)
- k 71 heap of waters. (6)
- to flow, trickle, drop, distil. (16) qal ptc. mp abs.

- m **%** to thicken, condense, congeal. (3)
- n [נשנו] to reach, overtake, attain. (50) hi. impf. 1cs
- o סְלֵקְ to divide, share. (56)
- prey, spoil, plunder, booty. (73)
- q [۲۲] to make empty, empty out. (19)
- r 기학 to blow. (2)
- s \$\frac{2}{3}\text{to sink, be submerged.}\$
 (1) qal pf. 3cp
- t עֹפֶּרֶת lead. (9)
- u אָּדִיר great, majestic. (27)
- v אָהְלָה (f) praise, song of praise. (57)
- w 🕷 wonder. (13)
- 1 [\(\pi\)] pi. impf. 3mp + 3mp suf.
- ² P qal ptc. mp con. + 2ms suf.
- ³ קבל qal impf. 3ms + 3mp suf.
- 4 **%** qal impf. 3fs + 3mp suf.
- ⁵ אוֹר ביי hi. impf. 3fs + 3mp suf.
- 6 [כסה] pi. pf. 3ms + 3mp suf.

תִבְלַעֲמוֹ aמָבִץ: לַנְיתֵ יְמֵינָלְ 12 עם־זוי נאלת :אָל־נֵנָה ּ קַרִשֵּׁך: נהלת^ם בעוּד ַרָּוְזְּוֹן יַבְּמִים יִרְבַּזְוּוֹן ¹⁴ ישביו פּלשת: חילפ אחוו^h ¹⁵ אַז נִבְהַלוּיׁ אַלוּפֵיוֹ אֵדוֹם אילי^k מואב יאחזמוו רעד^m בל ישָבֵי כנַעַן: 16 תַּפַּל≥ עֱלֵיהֵם אַימַתהֹ∘ וַפַּחַדּיּ בִּנְלַל זִרוֹעַהַ וַדְמָוּף כַּאָבֶן עַר־יַעֲבָר עַמְּדְ יִהֹנָה ַנִיתַ[:] עַב־זָנִי קַבִּיתַ[:] בָהַר נַחַלַתִּדֹּ רבאמו^₄ ותטעמוי 17 פעלת^ז יהוה מַכַוֹן ^s לִשָּׁבִתְּדֵּ מִקְנָשׁ אֲדֹנָי כּוֹנִנְוּ / יַבִיך: 18 יְהוַה וּיִמְלֹדְ לעלם

a בּלֵשׁ to swallow up, consume. (49) qal impf. 3fs + 3mp suf.

- ь **і і і** to lead, guide. (39)
- c **17** this. (15)
- d [נהל] to lead, guide, give rest. (10)
- e \square abode, habitation. (34)
- f in to be agitated, quake, tremble. (41) qal impf. 3mp + paragogic nun suf.
- g חִיל a writhing, anguish. (6)
- h TTX to grasp, seize, take possession. (68)
- i [בהל] to dismay, be disturbed. (37)
- j אלוף chief, chiliarch. (60)
- k leader, chief. (3)

- 1 TIX to grasp, seize, take possession. (68) qal impf. 3ms + 3mp suf.
- m לְעַר trembling. (2)
- n 🕽 to melt. (17)
- o איקה (f) terror, dread. (17)
- р **ТДБ** dread. (49)
- q qui to silence, be speechless. (29) qal impf. 3mp
- r **yoj** to plant. (58) *qal impf.* 2ms + 3mp suf.
- s place, foundation. (17)
- t לְּעֵל to do, make. (56)
- u מקדש sacred place, sanctuary. (74)
- v אין perpetuity, for ever. (51)

י gal ptc. mp con.

² ما gal impf. 3fs

gal pf. 2ms קנה

⁴ ki hi. impf. 2ms + 3mp suf.

⁵ عالي qal inf. con. + 2ms suf.

^{6 [☐]} pol. pf. 3cp

1cp	2fp	$2 \mathrm{mp}$	3fp	3mp	1cs	2 fs	$2 \mathrm{ms}$	$3 \mathrm{fs}$	$3 \mathrm{ms}$		1cp	$2 \mathrm{fp}$	$2 \mathrm{mp}$	3cp	1cs	$2 \mathrm{fs}$	$2 \mathrm{ms}$	$3 \mathrm{fs}$	$3 \mathrm{ms}$		
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្នំភ្នំក	בוְיְבְיהַיִּהְי	וופיק	בְישַׁבְנְּה	์ เมื่อ เมื่อ	Le s	בי פר,	្នាក្នុក	្នាំក្នុក	் ப	(Imperfec	ָרָּ קַרְּרָרָּ יָבָיּ	្នាក់ខ្លាំ	្នាក់ជា	្តិ	្ត ឯក ឯ	្នា ឯក ឯ	្ត ក្នុ	in the second se	្តិ	d (Perfect)	$Pu^{c}al$
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ה'מָי <u>ו</u>	הַישַ <u>ּ</u> בְּנְה	֓֟֝֝֝֜֝֜֝֝֜֝֝ ֓֞֝֞֝֜֝֞֝֓֓֞֞֝֞֓֓֞֓֞֓֞֓֞֓֞֓֞֓֞֓֞֓֞֓֞֞֓֞֓֞֓֞	ביש <u>ֿ</u> לְבְּי	์ มี เรา	היפיצ	֓֜֝֜֝֜֝֜֝֝֓֓֓֝ ֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֓֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	น เล่า	น เล่า	เล่า		ָהַי <u>ה</u> הַישַׁלְנוּ	למההים	בײַבהיִי	֓֜֜֜֝֓֜֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	ָהְישָׁ הַישָּׁ הַישָּׁ	בְישַׁבְיּהִיתִ	בְּישַׁבְּיִת	֓ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֞ ֩ ֞ ֞ ֞ ֞	ม _ี เล่า		$\mathrm{Hiph}^{\mathrm{c}}\mathrm{il}$
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$3 \mathrm{ms}$		fp	fs	$^{\mathrm{mp}}$	${ m ms}$		fp	fs	$^{\mathrm{dm}}$	${ m ms}$						fp	$^{\mathrm{dm}}$	fs	${ m ms}$	
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	$\operatorname{nsecutive})$	- ʊ	.D	.D	∵ ℧	ciple	מוֹבְשְׁיַמְנִי	מְנְיַשְׁבֶּר	מהמפימט	ជាធារីជាជា	tiple	្ត កធ់រីជា	olute	្ត កធា្នកុក	struct	יוּלְהָּהָים	יחפילים	ָהַבְּיֵלְהִי	កធារីជា	ė
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